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No. 830,940.

W. G. WAGENHALS,
STEAM MOTOR CAR.
APPLICATION FILED MAY 18, 1906.

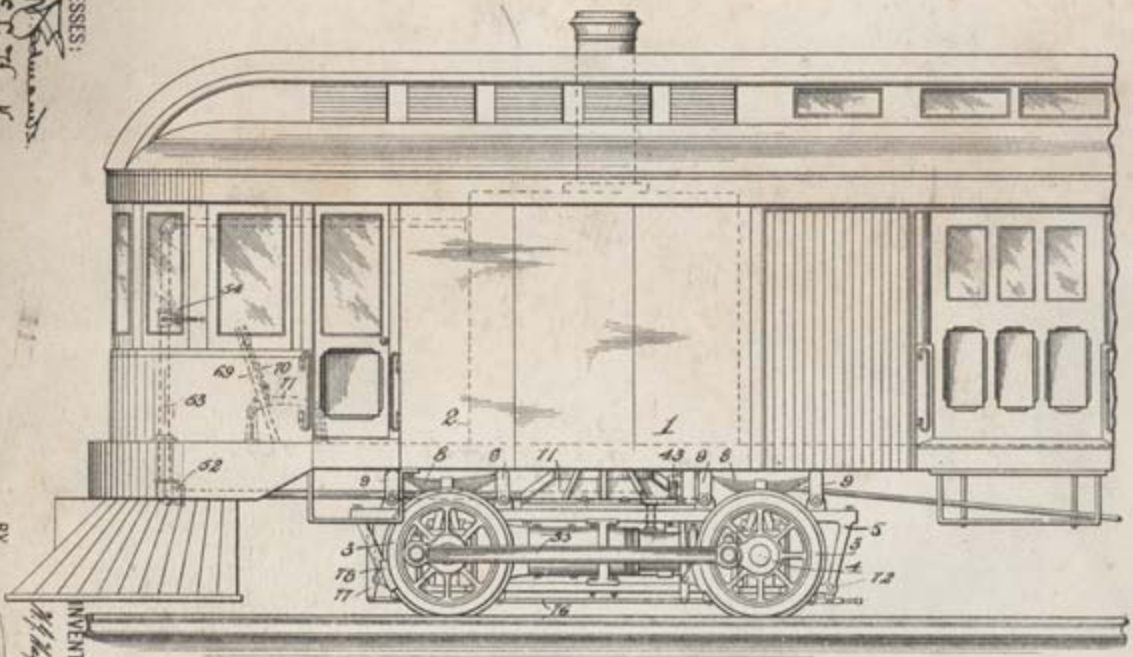
PATENTED SEPT. 11, 1906.

W. G. Wagenhals

DRAFTSMAN,

* SHEET-SHEET 1.

Fig. 1.



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4 SHEETS—SHEET 3.

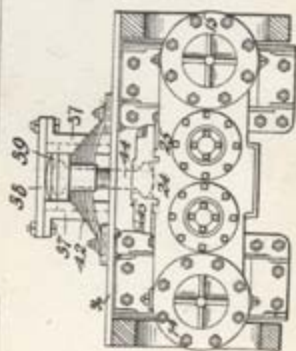
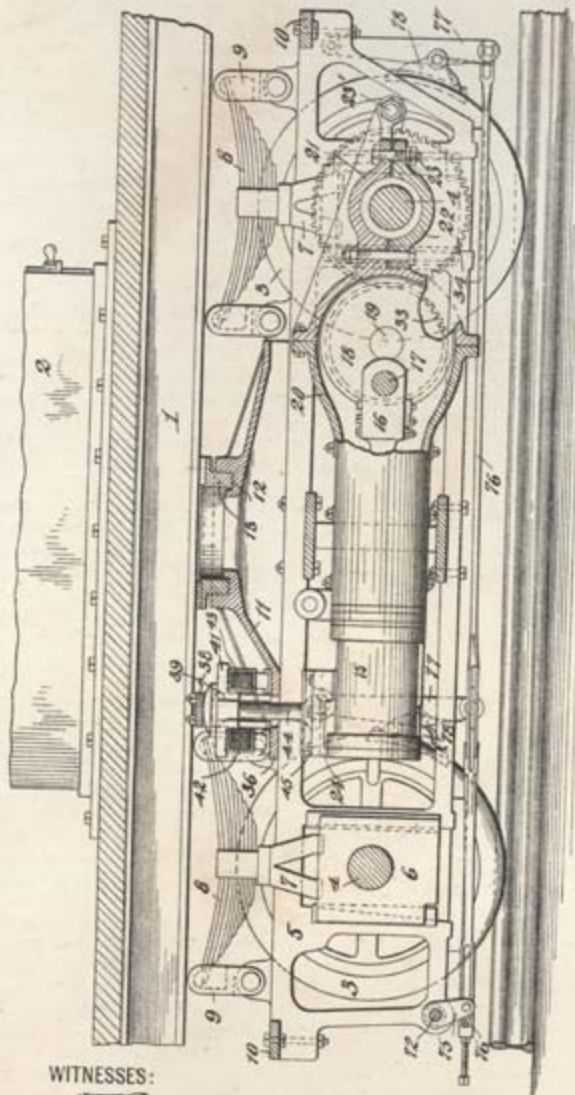


Fig. 4,

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Fig. 3,

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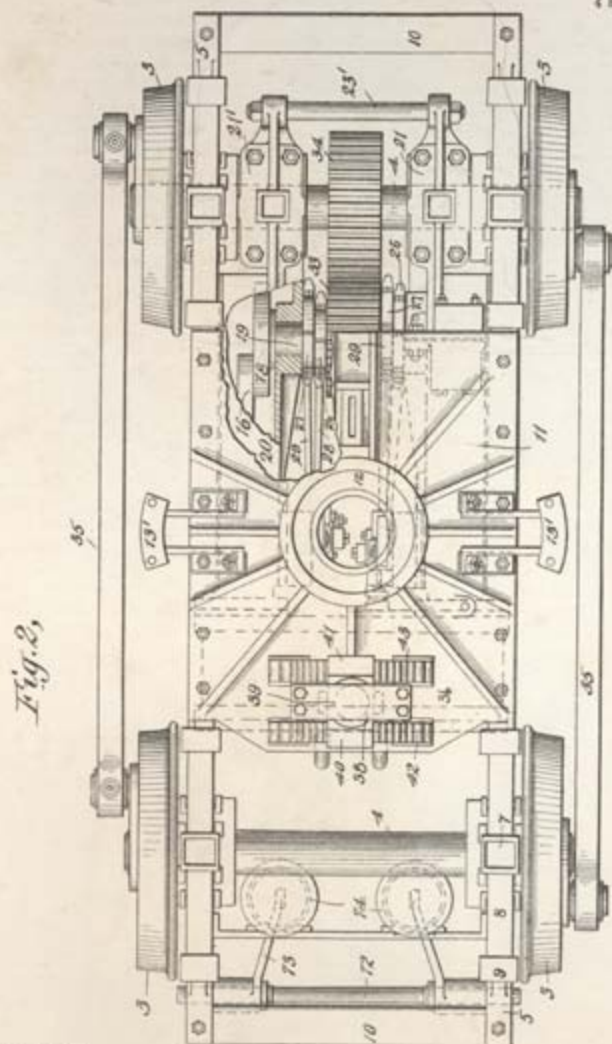
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4 SHEETS—SHEET 2.



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4 SHEETS—SHEET 4.

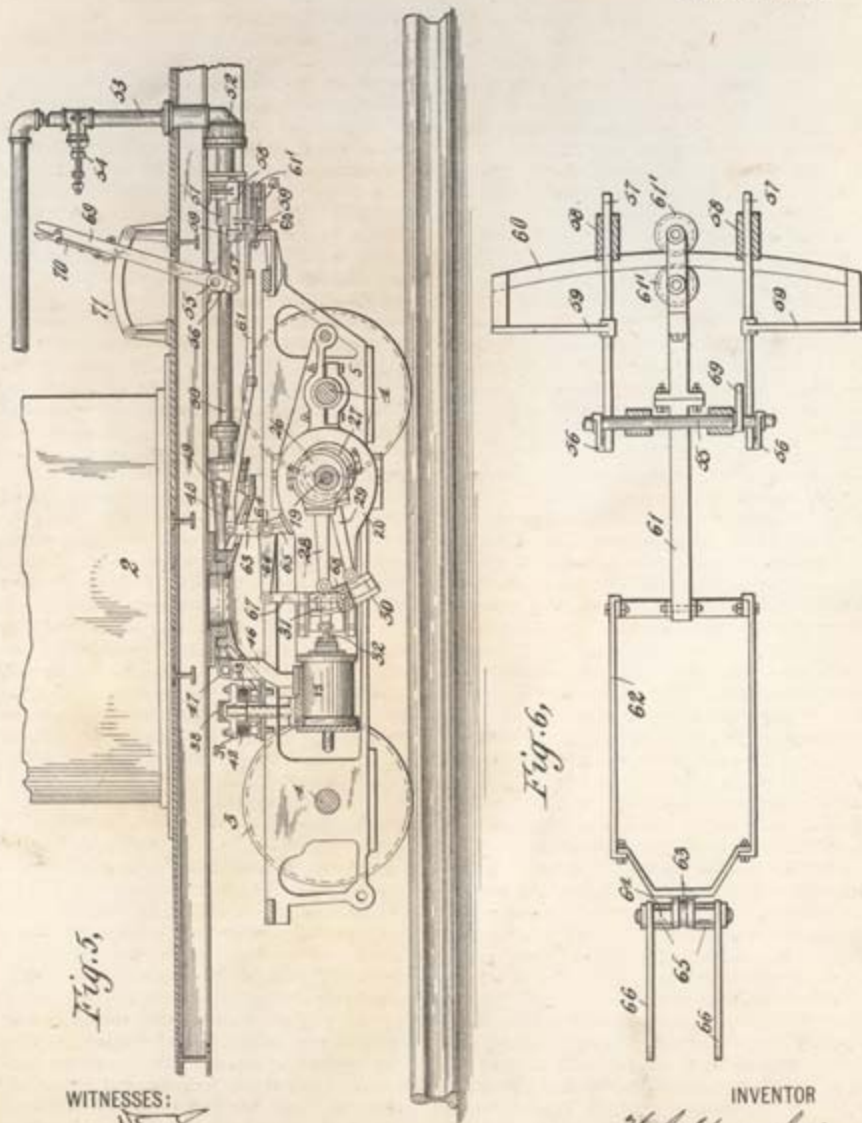


Fig. 5.

Fig. 6.

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6 for the axles 4 are vertically movable. Each of the journal-boxes is connected by a member 7 to a bundle of leaf-springs 8, the ends of which enter sockets in links 9, which are pivotally connected at their lower ends to the side frames 5. Suitable braces 10 extend across between the side frames 5. Secured upon the upper edges of the side frames 5 is a bearing-plate 11. This is a heavy casting and is ribbed to give it greater strength. The central portion of plate 11 is raised, as shown in Fig. 3, and a central opening is formed therein. About this opening is an annular groove 12, Fig. 3, forming a bearing to receive the depending cylindrical wall on bearing-piece 13, which is secured to the bottom of the car-body 1. The axis of this bearing is that about which the truck turns relatively to the car-body. Lateral swaying of the car-body is prevented by the side bearings 13', which are secured upon plate 11, as shown in Fig. 2. It will be seen that by this construction the car-body is yieldingly supported upon the wheels of the truck and the truck can turn about its pivotal axis relatively to the car-body when the car is rounding a curve. A more detailed description of these parts of the car is considered unnecessary, as they will be readily understood by those skilled in the art.

The engine, which is preferably of the two-cylinder type, is supported between the two axles of the truck at one end by one of the axles and at the other end by suitable springs. The cylinders (indicated at 14 and 15) of the engine have the usual pistons adapted to reciprocate therein, and these are connected by connecting-rods 16 with wrist-pins 17, mounted eccentrically upon disks 18. The two cylinders and the valve-boxes therefor are built together in a single rigid structure; but separate casings are provided for each piston-rod and its connecting-rod 16 and disk 18, as shown at 20, Figs. 2 and 3. The disks 18 are keyed on the shaft 19, which extends across between the two casings 20 and is journaled in suitable bearings formed in the adjacent walls of the two casings. The casings 20 are extended at the forward end of the truck, as shown at 21 21', and these extensions are so formed as to provide bearings in which the forward axle 4 of the truck rotates freely. For convenience in assembling the parts these bearings for axle 4 are divided horizontally, the lower portions 22 being secured to the upper portions by bolts 23. In order to stiffen the construction, a heavy bar 23' is employed, connecting the ends of the extensions 21 21'. Between the cylinders 14 and 15 of the engine are the valve-chests 24 and 25, which may be of the usual or any suitable construction, the movable member of each of these valves being reciprocated by eccentrics 26 and 27, mounted on shaft 19. The connection between each pair of eccentrics 26 and 27 and the movable valve mem-

ber actuated thereby includes a Stephenson link-motion of the usual construction. This is best shown in Fig. 5, from which it will be seen that eccentrics 26 27 are connected by rods 28 29 with a link 30 having an arc-shaped slot therein, the walls of which are provided with grooves into which extend tongues on a block 31, adapted to slide back and forth between the ends of the arc-shaped slot. This block 31 is connected by a rod 32 with the movable member of the valve. The mechanism for effecting the movement of link 30 will be hereinafter described.

Keyed on shaft 19 between the two pairs of eccentrics, as shown in Fig. 2, is a pinion 33, which meshes with a gear 34, secured on axle 4, and by means of this gearing the power of the engine is transmitted from shaft 19 to axle 4 and the wheels 3 secured thereon. Connecting-rods 35 connect each wheel on the forward shaft 4 with the corresponding wheel on the rear shaft, so that the power of the engine is applied to all four wheels of the truck.

The bearing-plate 11 is so shaped as to provide adjacent to its rearward edge a horizontal portion 36, Fig. 3, near the center of which is an opening. Secured on the plate on either side of this opening is a standard 37, Fig. 4, the upper ends of these standards being connected by a brace 38. The adjacent walls of standards 37 have vertical grooves formed therein, into which extend tongues on a vertically-movable block 39. This block has laterally-extending portions 40 and 41, each of which extends across the top of a bundle of leaf-springs 42 and 43, arranged parallel to each other and having their ends secured to the plate 11. In the under side of block 39 is a socket formed to receive the rounded head of a pin 44, Fig. 4, the shank of which extends through the opening in plate 11. On the lower end of pin 44 is a similar rounded head, which is received in a socket formed in a plate 45, which is bolted to the casing of the engine. It will be seen that by this construction the engine is located between the two axles of the truck and is supported at one end by one of the axles and at the other end by the springs 42 43. These springs permit movement of the engine independently of the truck and take up vibration. However, the engine is at all times in driving relation to the axle of the truck, since the movement of the engine permitted by springs 42 43 is about the forward axle 4 as an axis.

Steam is supplied to the cylinders of the engine by pipes leading from the boiler in the car-body to the steam-chests 24 25. Since the truck on which the engine is mounted is pivoted to the car-body and since the engine is movably supported on springs, this piping must be arranged to permit movement of the engine relatively to the car-body. I therefore provide a pipe 46 entering the steam-

chests and connected by a ball-joint 47 with
 a pipe 48, which is in turn connected by a ball-
 joint 49 with the pipe 50. In the pipe 50 is
 an extension-joint 51, such that this length
 5 of piping can be extended or contracted as
 required by the movements of the truck, the
 parts thereof telescoping more or less. The
 other end of pipe 50 is connected by a ball-
 joint 52 with a pipe 53, leading up through
 10 the floor of the car and to the boiler. The
 throttle-valve 54 is connected in pipe 53 and
 arranged in a position convenient for the oper-
 ator. By this arrangement of the piping a
 free passage is provided for the steam from
 15 the boiler to the engine irrespective of the po-
 sition of the engine and truck and during the
 movements of the truck relatively to the car-
 body and the engine relatively to the truck.

The direction of rotation of shaft 19 is con-
 20 trolled by a lever in the compartment occu-
 pied by the operator and which is arranged
 to operate the links 30. Mounted in bearings
 on the under side of the car-floor is a shaft 55,
 from which depend crank-arms 56. Each of
 25 these crank-arms is pivotally connected to
 one end of a rod 57, the other end of which is
 adapted to slide freely in a hanger 58, se-
 cured to the under side of the car-floor. De-
 pending from the rods 57 are arms 59, to
 30 which is secured a segment 60 curved about
 the pivotal axis of the truck as a center. Two
 parallel bars 61, extending one on either side
 of the segment 60, have rollers 61' journaled
 therein and bearing one on the forward and
 35 the other on the rearward edge of segment 60.
 The bars 61 are pivotally connected to a
 frame 62, the rearward end of which is pivota-
 lly connected to a crank 63, carried by a
 shaft 64, mounted for rotation in bearings 65,
 40 secured on the casing of the engine. Two
 crank-arms 66 are secured on shaft 64 and
 extend horizontally therefrom, and to the end
 of each of these arms is pivotally connected a
 link 67, the lower end of which is pivoted to a
 45 plate 68, secured to one of the links 30. The
 shaft 55 is operated by means of an operating-
 handle 69, secured thereon and extending up
 through a slot in the car-floor to a position
 convenient for the operator. Preferably a
 50 spring-pressed latch 70, cooperating with
 notches in a segment 71, is provided for hold-
 ing lever 69 in any one of its operative po-
 sitions. It will be seen that by moving lever
 69 rods 57, segment 60, and frame 62 are
 55 moved horizontally, thereby rocking shaft
 64 and raising or lowering links 67 and links
 30 so that the eccentrics 26 and 27 actuate
 the movable members of the valves control-
 ling the supply of steam to the engine-cyl-
 60 ders in the desired manner. Also it will be
 seen that the employment of a segment 60
 and the bars 61 operatively connected there-
 to in a manner permitting relative movement
 is such that in any position of the truck rela-
 65 tively to the car-body or while the truck is

moving relatively to the car-body the oper-
 ator has complete control of the position of
 links 30. The horizontal pivots in the con-
 nections to the reversing-gear provide for the
 movement of the engine permitted by its sup- 70
 porting-springs.

The braking devices which I prefer to em-
 ploy are illustrated in Figs. 2 and 3. Ex-
 tending between the side frames 5 and rota-
 table in bearings formed therein is a shaft 72, 75
 on which are secured arms 73, pivotally con-
 nected to the piston-rods of pistons adapted
 to reciprocate in brake-cylinders 74, mount-
 ed on the frame of the truck in any suitable
 manner. Also secured on shaft 72 are two
 80 crank-arms 75, pivotally connected to brake-
 rods 76, extending the whole length of the
 truck. Each of the rods 76 is pivotally con-
 nected to the lower ends of links 77, the up-
 per ends of which are pivoted to the frame, 85
 and on each of these links is pivotally mount-
 ed a brake-shoe 78. By this construction
 the admission of air to brake-cylinders 74
 operates shaft 72, thereby moving brake-
 90 rods 76 lengthwise and bringing the brake-
 shoes 78 into contact with the wheels 3.

Having described my invention, what I
 claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters
 Patent, is—

1. In a car, the combination of a bogie- 95
 truck, a car-body pivotally mounted thereon,
 a boiler carried by the car-body, a steam-en-
 gine mounted on the truck and connected in
 driving relation to one of the axles thereof,
 connections for carrying steam from the 100
 boiler to the engine, valves controlling the
 admission of the steam to the engine, mech-
 anism for operating said valves, and means
 connected to said mechanism and actuated
 from the car-body for reversing the direction 105
 in which the engine drives the truck in any
 position of the truck relatively to the car-
 body, substantially as described.

2. In a car, the combination of a bogie- 110
 truck, a car-body pivotally mounted thereon,
 a boiler carried by the car-body, an engine
 mounted on the truck between the axles
 thereof and connected in driving relation to
 one of said axles, springs yieldingly support-
 ing the engine upon the truck, connecting- 115
 rods transmitting the power of the engine
 from one axle of the truck to the other, con-
 nections for carrying steam from the boiler
 to the engine, valves controlling the admis-
 sion of the steam to the engine, mechanism 120
 for operating said valves, and means con-
 nected to said mechanism and actuated from
 the car-body for reversing the direction in
 which the engine drives the truck in any po-
 sition of the truck relatively to the car-body, 125
 substantially as described.

3. In a car, the combination of a bogie-
 truck having axles and wheels, a car-body
 pivotally mounted thereon, a boiler on said
 car-body, an engine upon said truck between 130

chests and connected by a ball-joint 47 with
 a pipe 48, which is in turn connected by a ball-
 joint 49 with the pipe 50. In the pipe 50 is
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 of piping can be extended or contracted as
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 driving relation to one of the axles thereof,
 connections for carrying steam from the
 boiler to the engine, valves controlling the
 admission of the steam to the engine, mech-
 anism for operating said valves, and means
 connected to said mechanism and actuated
 from the car-body for reversing the direction
 in which the engine drives the truck in any
 position of the truck relatively to the car-
 body, substantially as described.

2. In a car, the combination of a bogie-
 truck, a car-body pivotally mounted thereon,
 a boiler carried by the car-body, an engine
 mounted on the truck between the axles
 thereof and connected in driving relation to
 one of said axles, springs yieldingly support-
 ing the engine upon the truck, connecting-
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 from one axle of the truck to the other, con-
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 substantially as described.

3. In a car, the combination of a bogie-
 truck having axles and wheels, a car-body
 pivotally mounted thereon, a boiler on said
 car-body, an engine upon said truck between

5 nected in driving relation thereto, means for actuating the valves of the engine, and devices operated from the car-body and connected to said means for reversing the direction in which the engine drives the truck while the truck is in any position relatively to the car-body, substantially as described.

10 16. In a car, the combination of a bogie-truck, a car-body pivotally mounted thereon, a boiler on the car-body, an engine on the truck connected in driving relation thereto, flexible connections for carrying steam from the boiler to the engine, means for actuating the valves of the engine, and devices operated from the car-body and connected to said means for reversing the direction in which the engine drives the truck while the truck is in any position relatively to the car-body, substantially as described.

20 17. In a car, the combination of a truck, a car-body pivotally mounted thereon, a steam-engine on the truck between the axles thereof supported at one end on an axle of the truck and connected in driving relation to said axle, springs supporting the other end of the engine, and means operated from the car-body for reversing the direction in

which the engine drives the truck, substantially as described.

30 18. In a car, the combination of a bogie-truck, a car-body pivotally mounted thereon, an engine on the truck connected in driving relation thereto, reversing-gear for said engine and operating means therefor including an arc-shaped member and a part connected but movable relatively thereto, substantially as described.

40 19. In a car, the combination of a truck, a car-body pivotally mounted thereon, an engine on the truck connected in driving relation thereto, reversing-gear for said engine, an arc-shaped member supported on the car, means for reciprocating said member, and devices connected to said reversing-gear and also connected to said member but adapted to move relatively thereto, substantially as described.

This specification signed and witnessed this 7th day of May, 1906.

WILLIAM G. WAGENHALS.

Witnesses:

S. O. EDMONDS,

D. S. EDMONDS.